|  | 1960s | 1970s | 1980s | 1990s | 2000s |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Male characters | - Peak of males as main characters - 100\% of main male characters are positive - 30\% secondary characters are negative | - peak of negative male characters (> 40\% main characters) - 23\% of male characters have to be reeducated | - peak of negative male characters ((>70\% male characters) | - absence of main male role > $30 \%$ of movies - absence of secondary male role > 50\% of movies <br> - more positive male characters (40\%) - but still peak of male characters to be reeducated (24\%) | - fewer negative male characters (less than $10 \%$ of secondary roles) - more than $50 \%$ of male main characters are positive |
| Female characters | - 70\% of all female characters are negative or to be reeducated - peak of secondary and negative female characters | - peak positive female main characters - peak of secondary and negative female characters | - main female character has tendency to be the lead role - peak of positive female main characters | - main female character has tendency to be the lead role | 60\% of main female characters are to be reeducated! // 1960s |
| General trends |  | - Peak of negative characters in general (30\%) <br> - Opposition main positive female character $\leftrightarrow$ male main character and/or secondary characters (fem or male) |  | - Peak of positive characters in general (93\%) <br> - shifting of paradigm: from negative to positive criticism, and slow revalorization of male characters | Peak of positive characters in general (93\%) <br> - Inversion of tendency: strong remasculinization of cinema - opposition positive man to negative female to reeducate |

